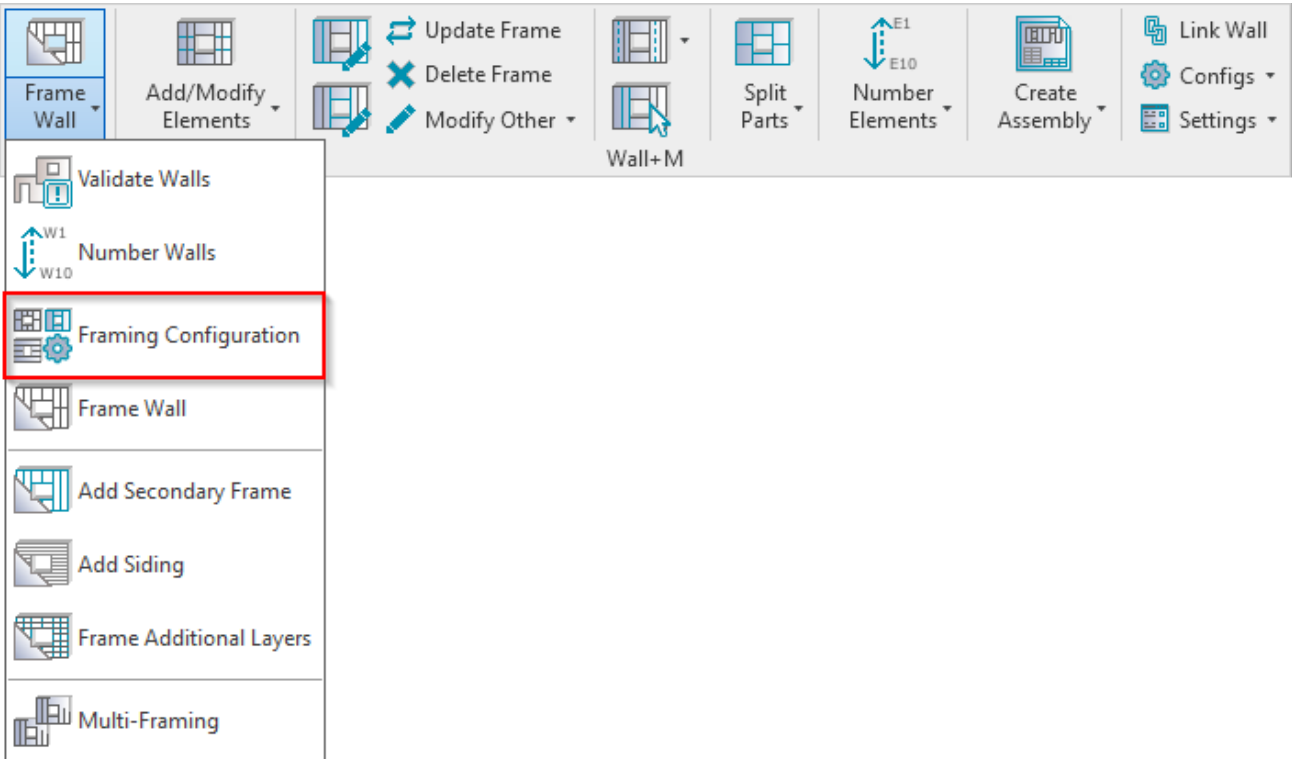


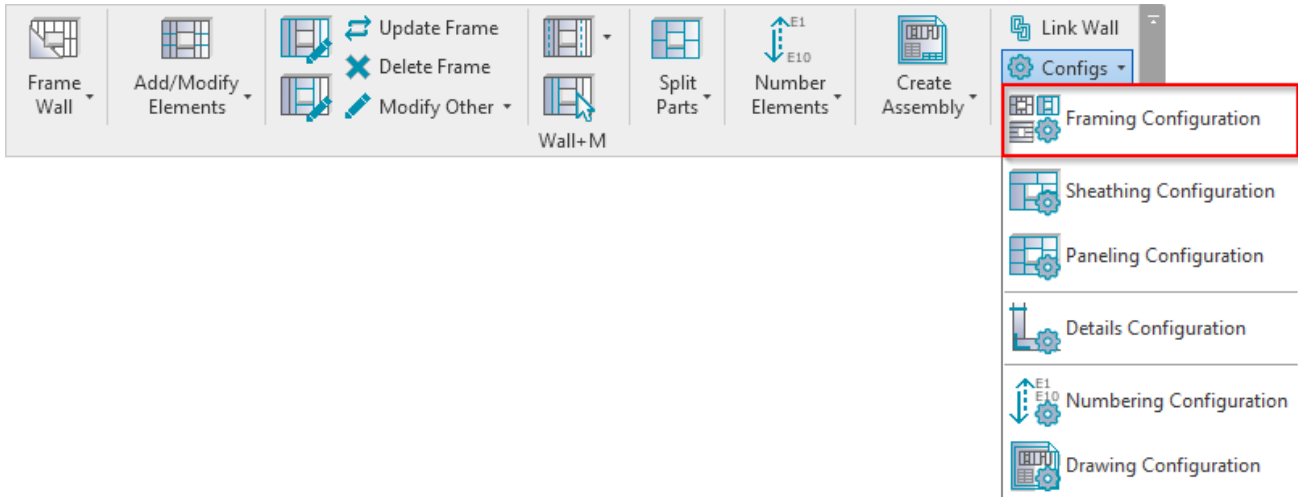
FRAMING CONFIGURATION – Wall Framing

Modified on: Wed, 9 Dec, 2020 at 8:25 PM

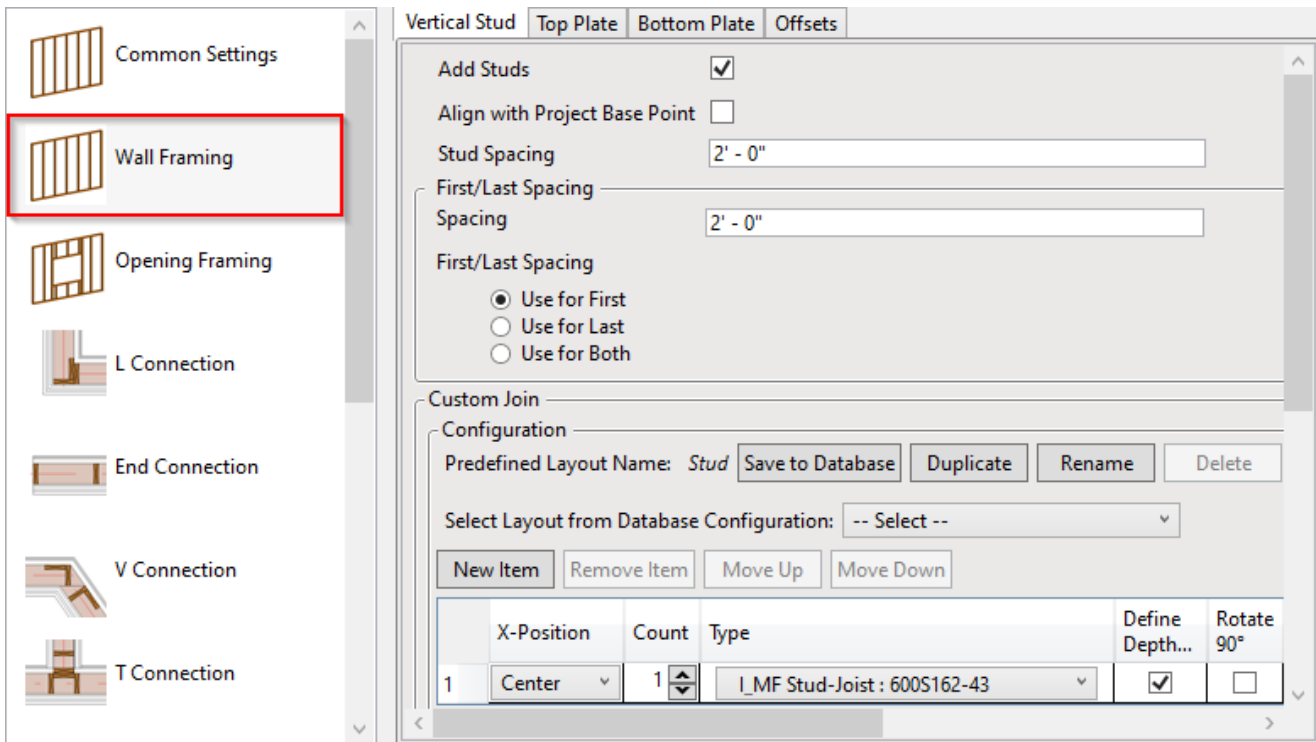
Framing Configuration may be found in two locations:



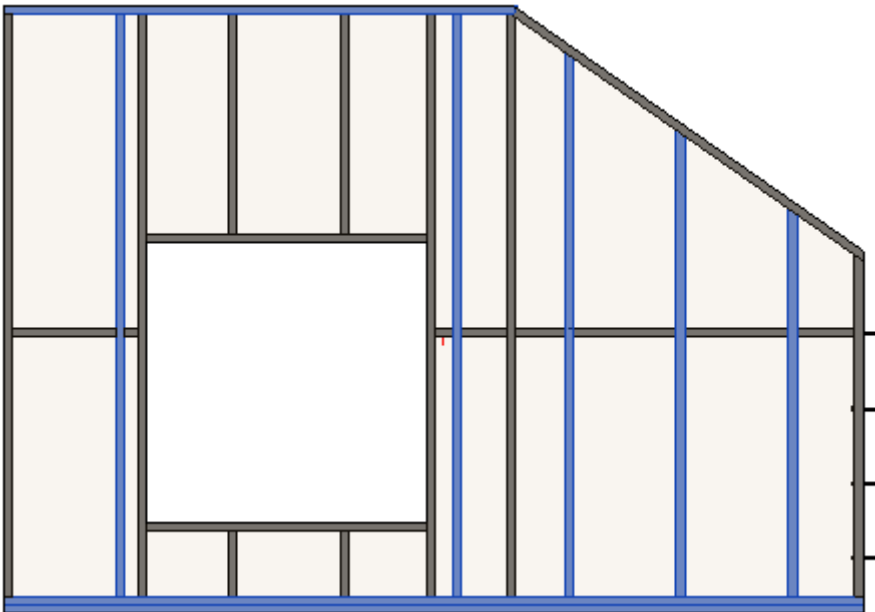
OR:



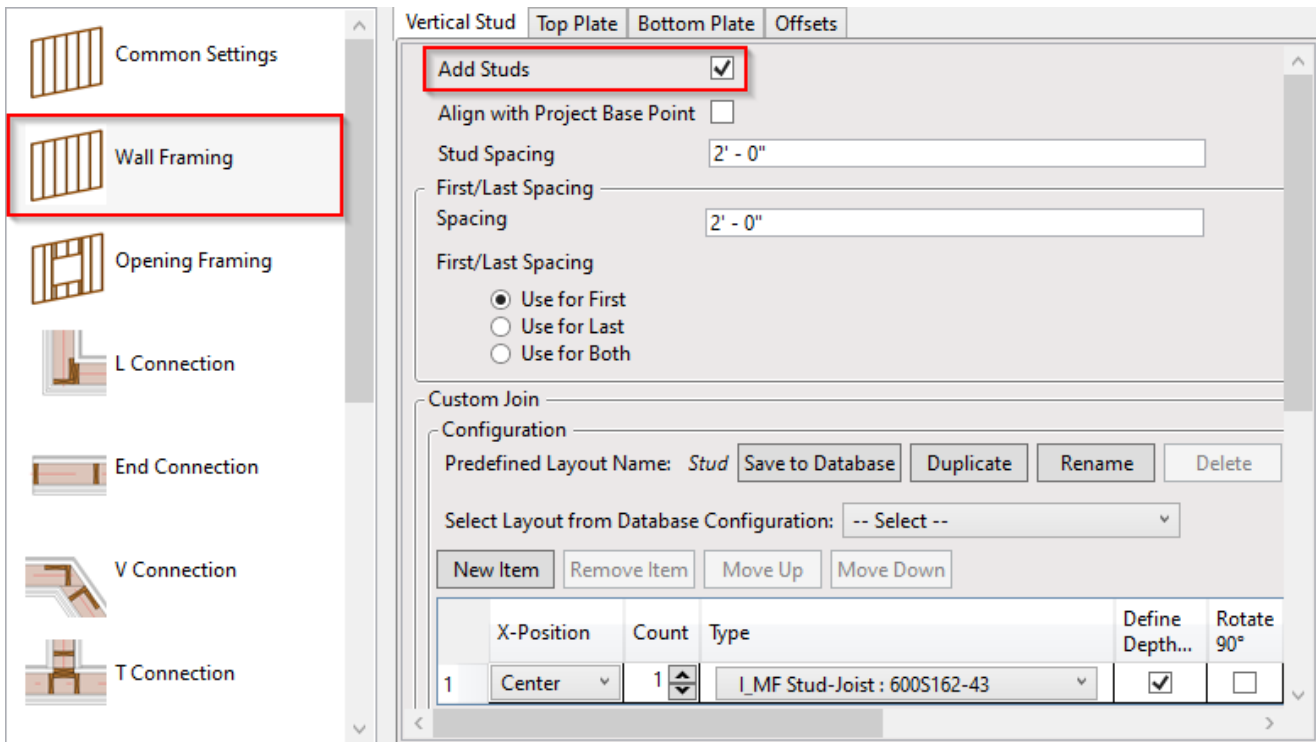
Wall Framing



Wall Framing – here you can control regular studs (**Vertical Stud** tab), top (**Top Plate** tab) plates and bottom (**Bottom Plate** tab) plates:

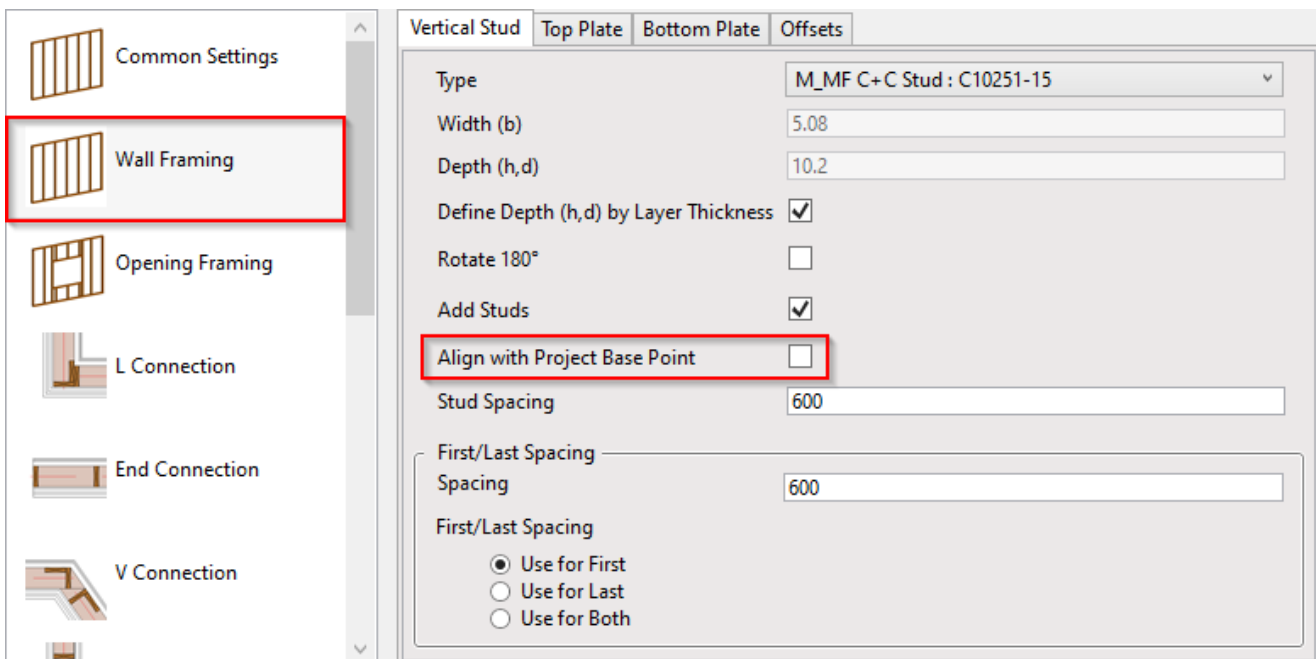


Add Studs



Add Studs – adds studs with rules listed below to the frame. The frame can be created without studs, just using, for example, horizontal elements.

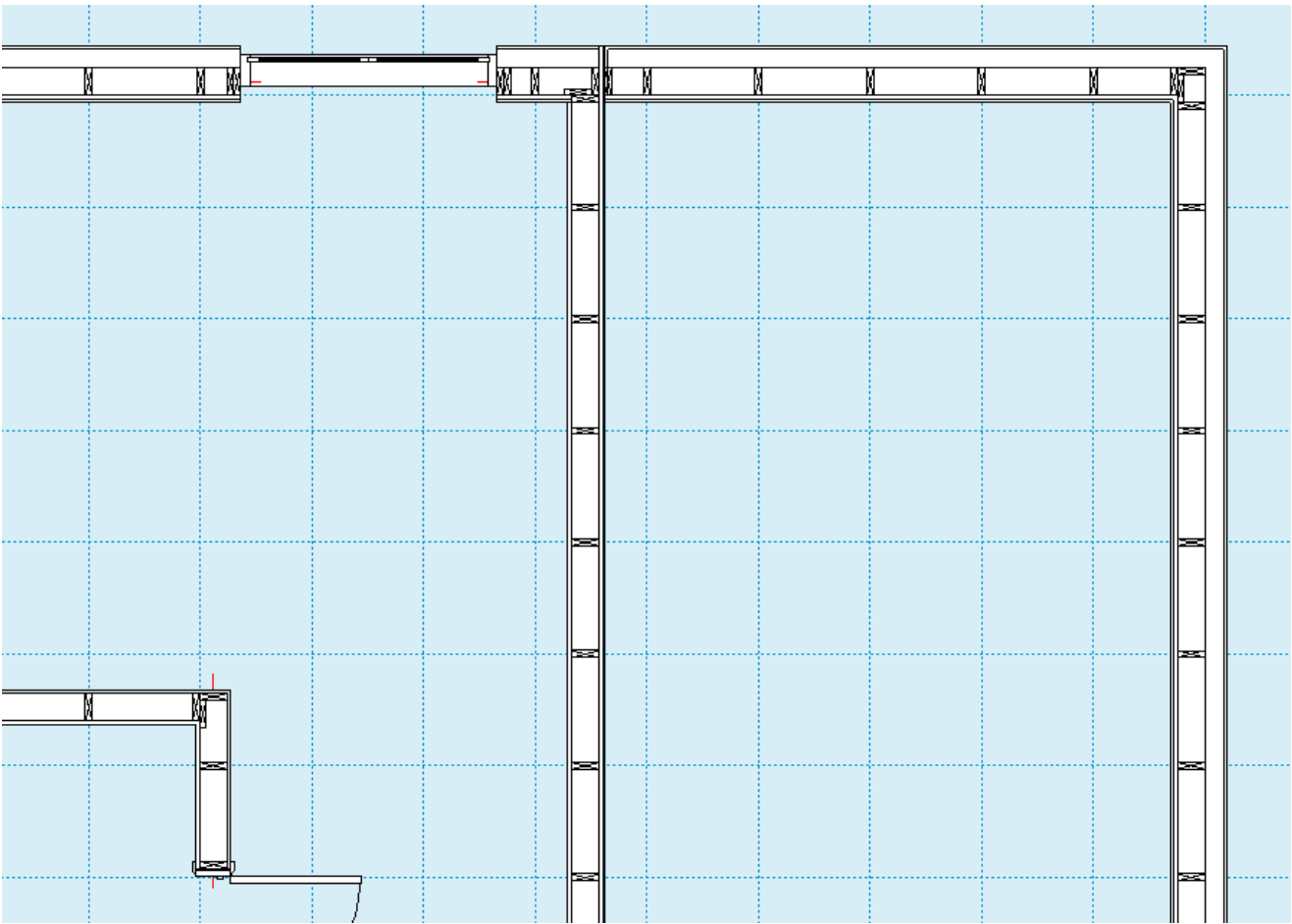
Align with Project Base Point



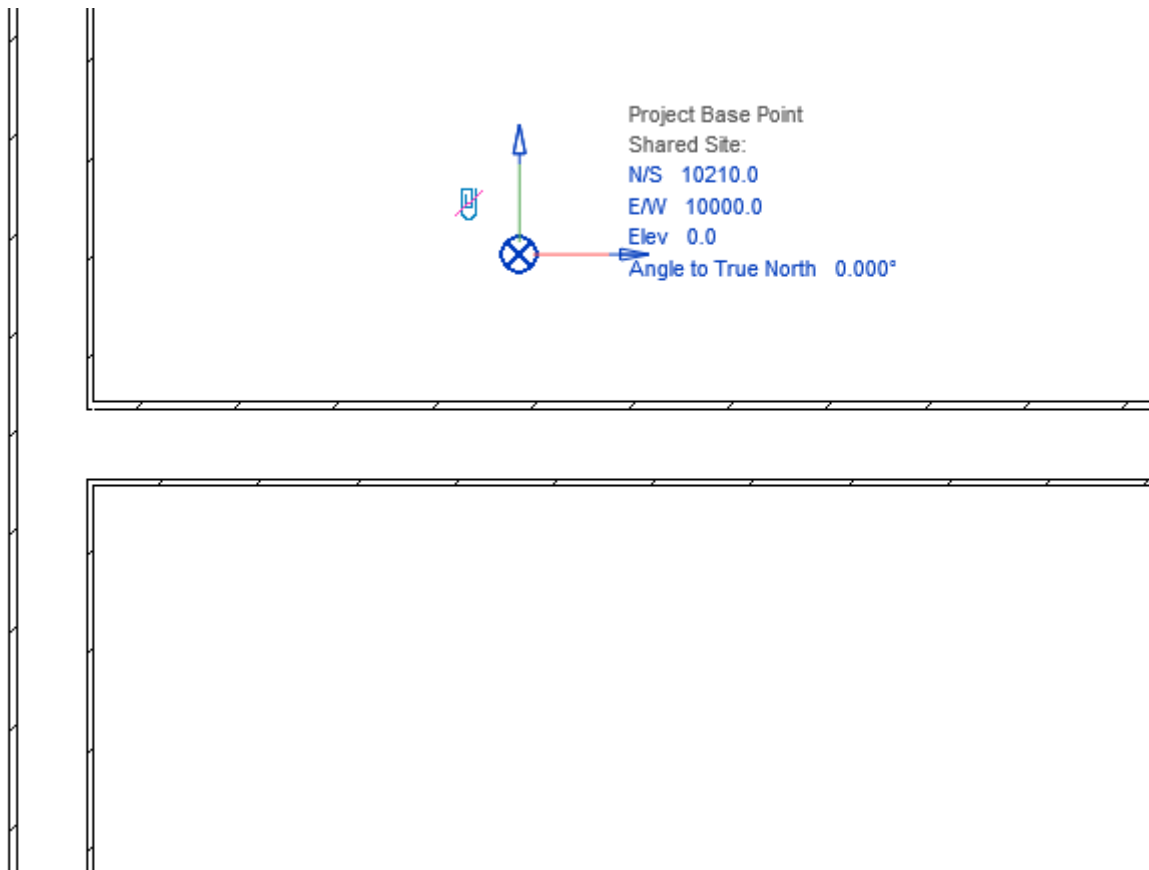
Align with Project Base Point – allows studs to be positioned not only in relation to each other but according to Revit gridlines.

Studs are positioned on the gridlines – and where necessary to fill in gaps or form intersections – so that they always match up across a corridor or room.

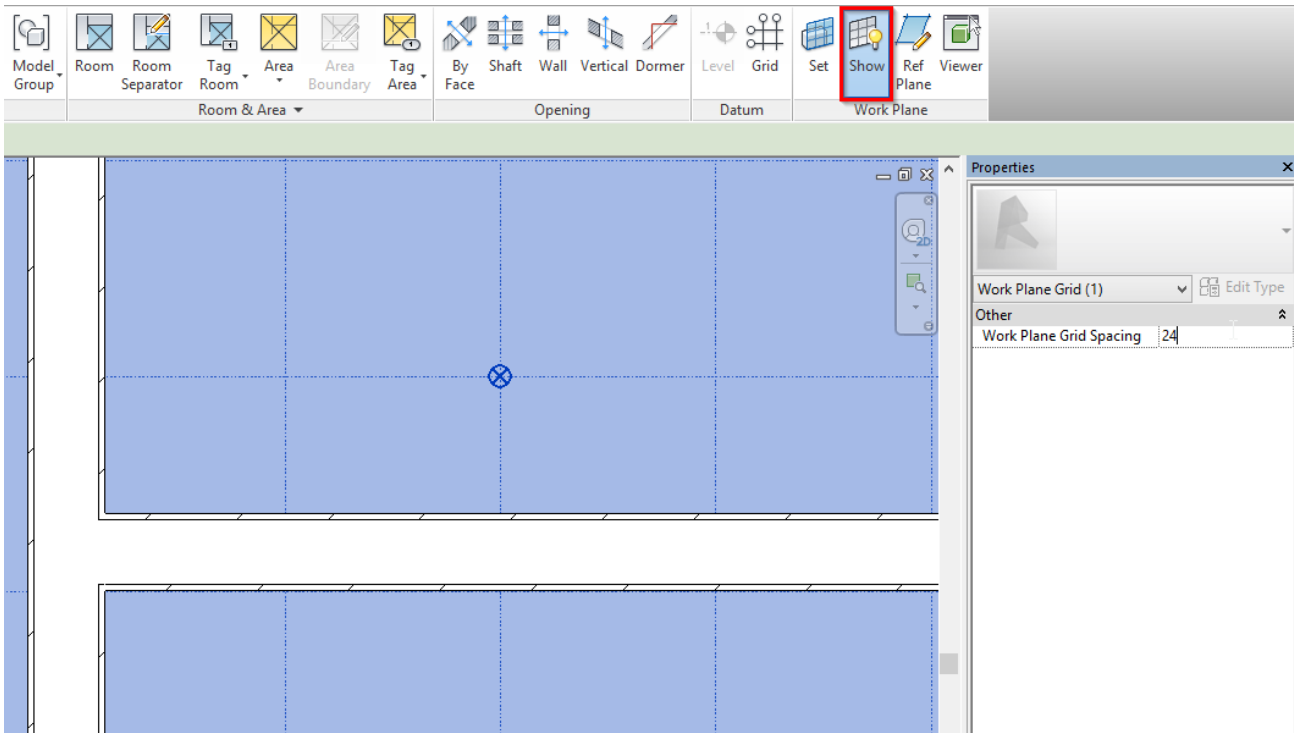
Notice how the studs are spaced according to the grid:



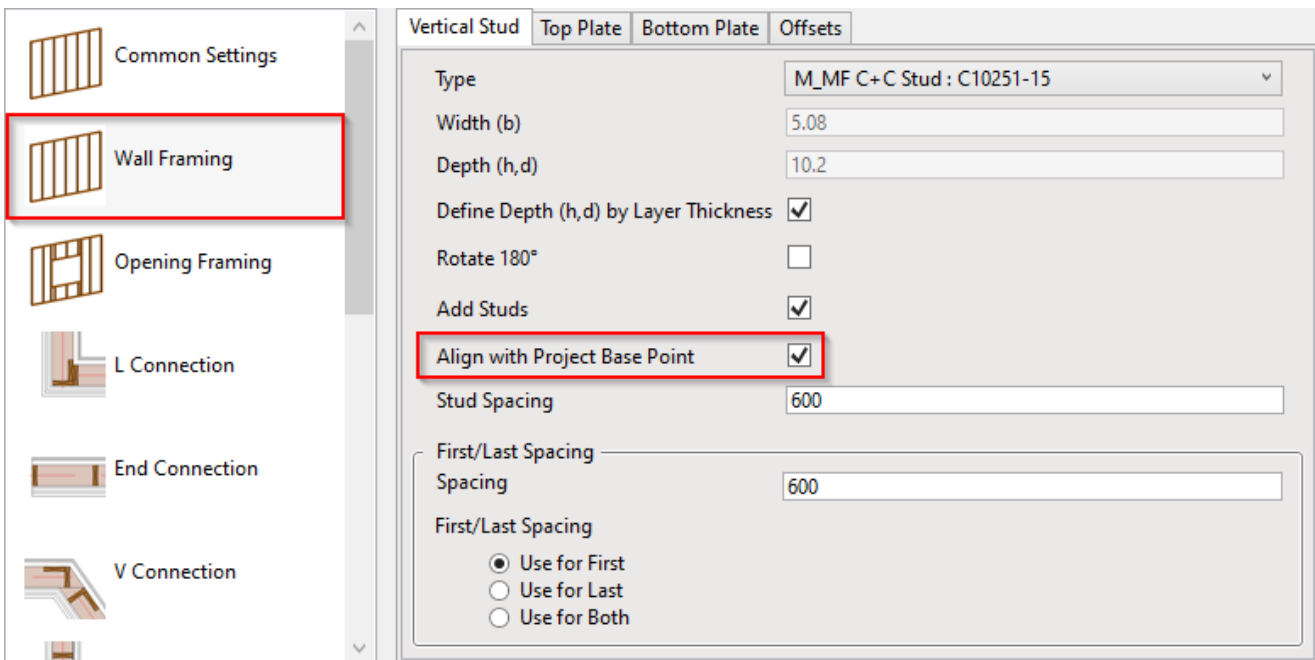
First step – unclip the state of the Revit **Project Base Point** and move it to the needed position:



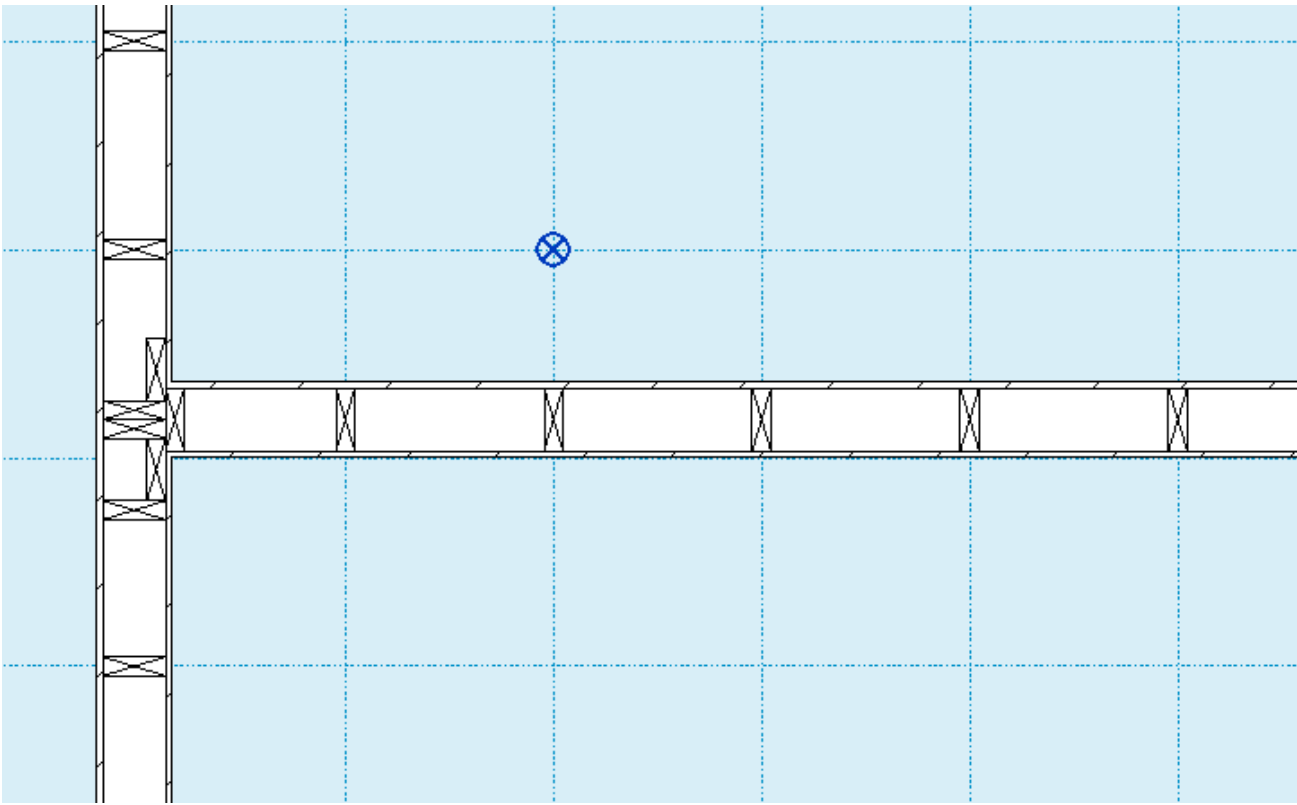
For more convenience, switch on Revit **Work Plane** and move it to the **Project Base Point**. It will help you to understand if the studs or joists are created in the right position:



Turn on **Align with Project Base Point** in the **Framing Configuration** dialog:

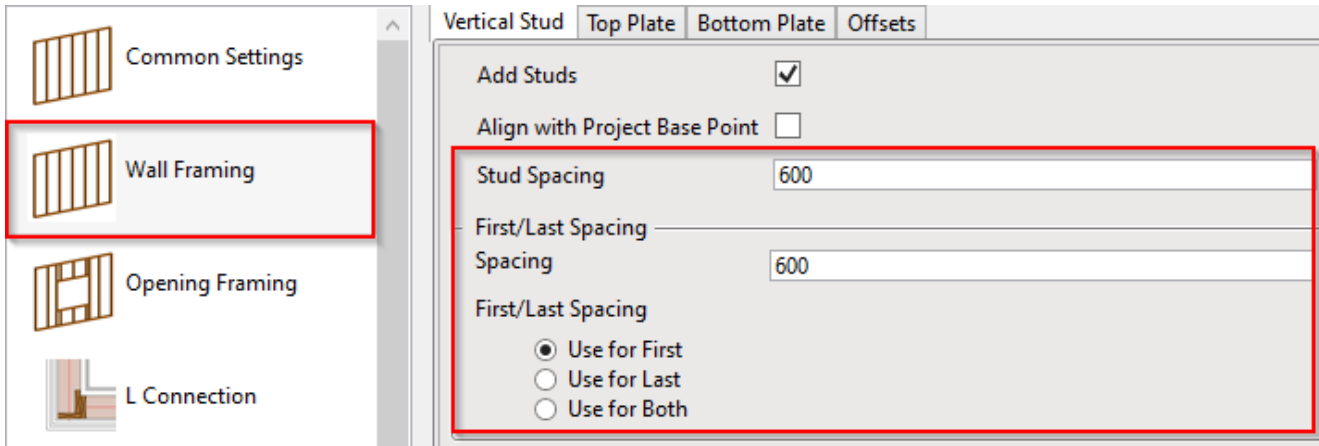


Frame the walls, floors, or roof:

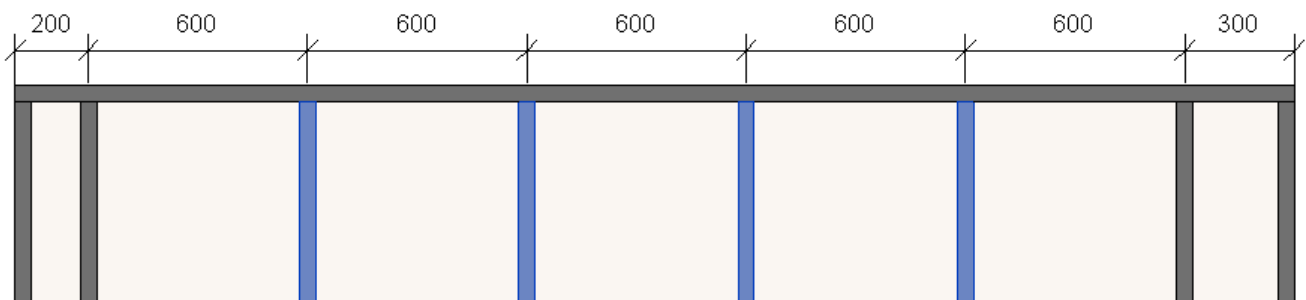


In the case you need to relocate the frame, just move the **Project Base Point** to the new position and update the frame!

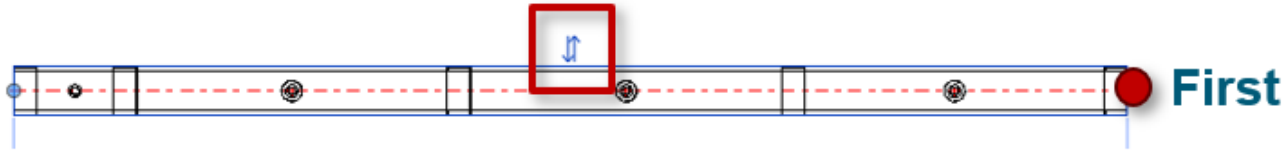
Stud Spacing and First/Last Spacing



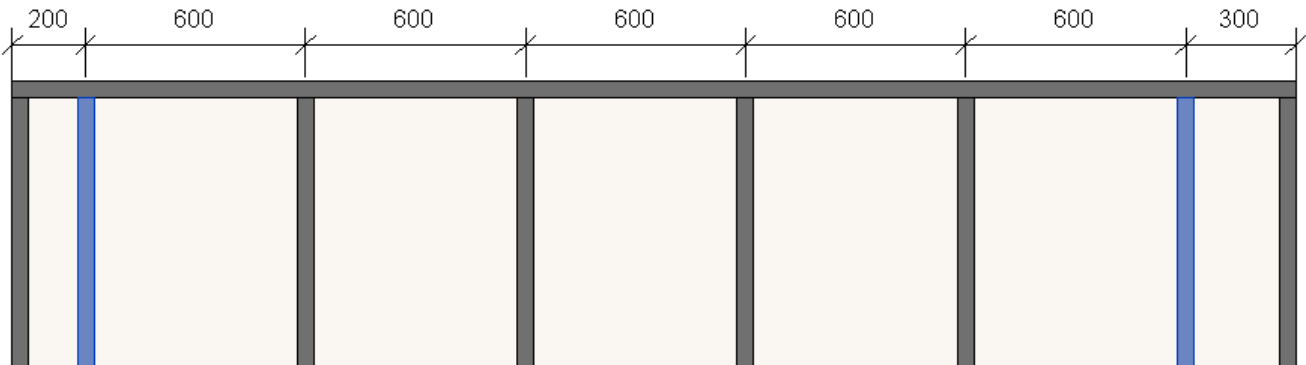
Stud Spacing – defines the distance between the studs.



First/Last Spacing is dependent on the exterior side of wall as shown below. The beginning of the armament starts from the left side looking from the exterior side of a wall.



First/Last Spacing – first spacing will be on the side of the left side, and last on the right side.

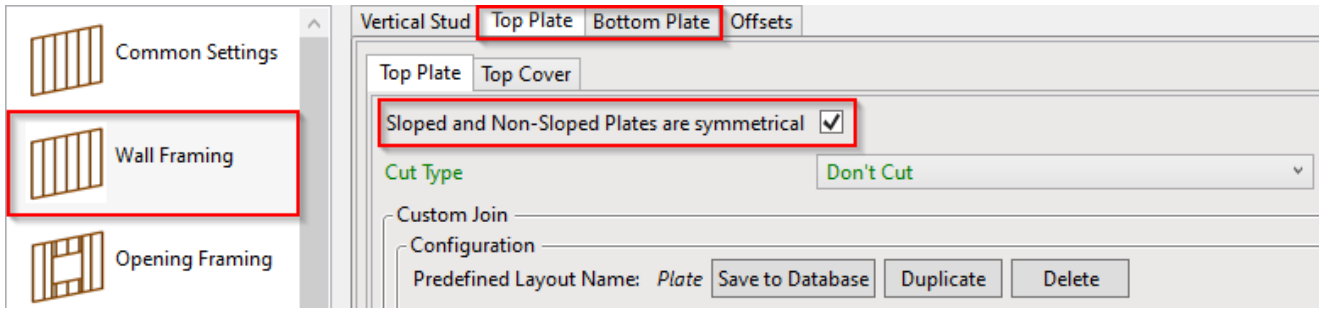


Custom Join

	X-Position	Count	Type	Define Depth...	Rotate 90°	Rotate 180°
1	Center	1	M_MF C+C Stud : C10251-15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

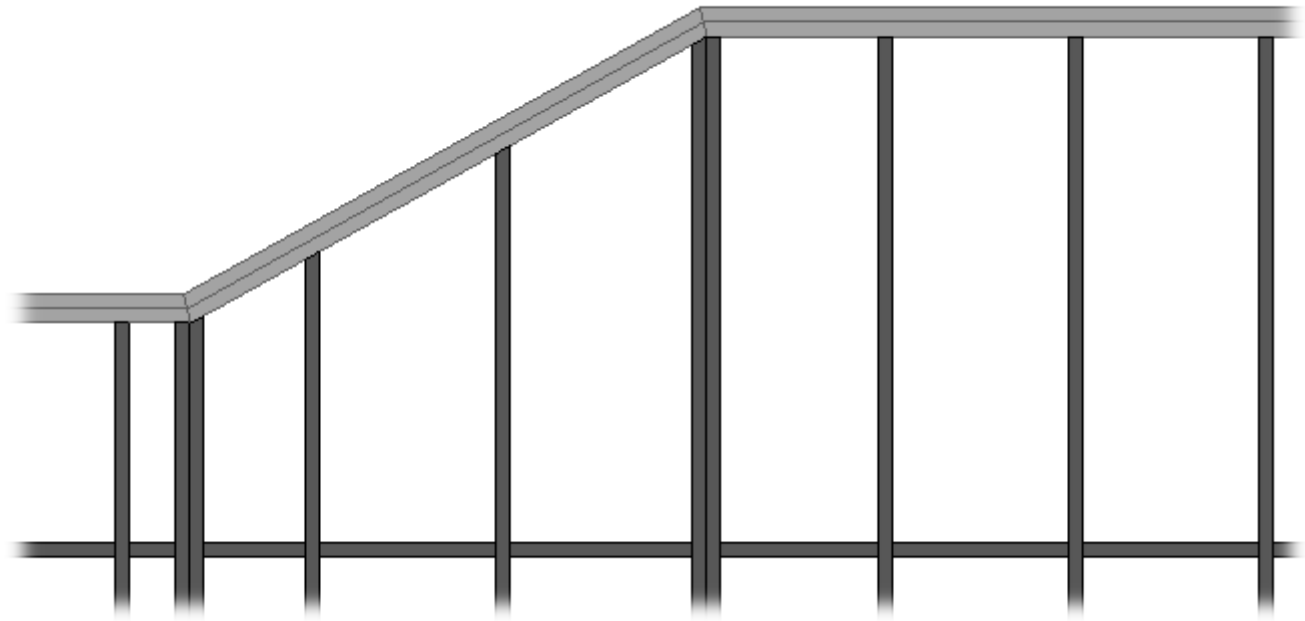
Custom Join – is a multi-functional dialog where user can define rules for studs including size, count, position, rotation, spacing, alignment etc. All these rules can be saved and used in other framing configurations or shared with other users. This type of dialog is used frequently in our products, so here you can find [Custom Join detailed description >>](https://agacad.freshdesk.com/support/solutions/articles/44001990031-custom-join) (<https://agacad.freshdesk.com/support/solutions/articles/44001990031-custom-join>)

Sloped and Non-Sloped Plates are symmetrical

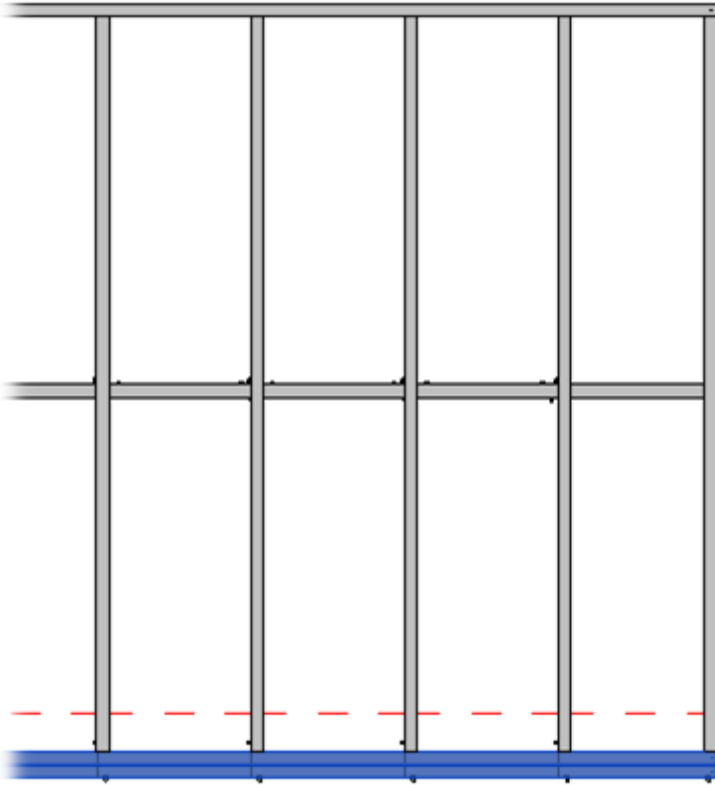


Sloped and Non-Sloped Plates are symmetrical – define if top/bottom plates should be the same for sloped and non sloped plates.

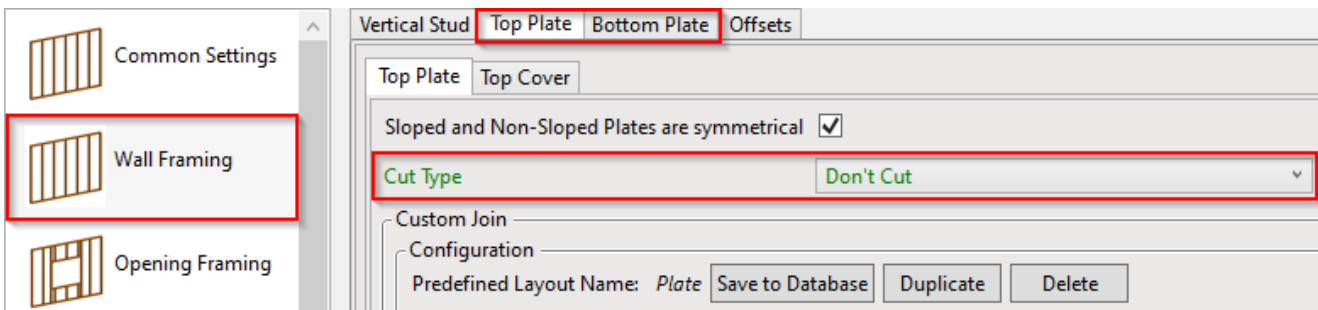
Sloped top plates:



Non-sloped bottom plates:

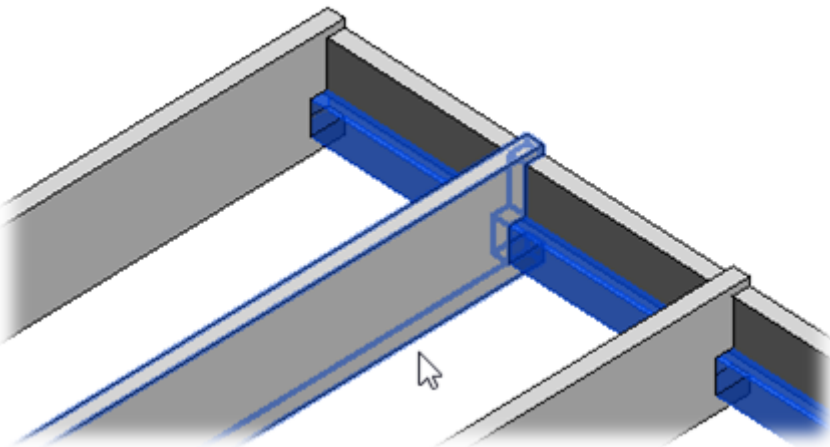


Cut Type

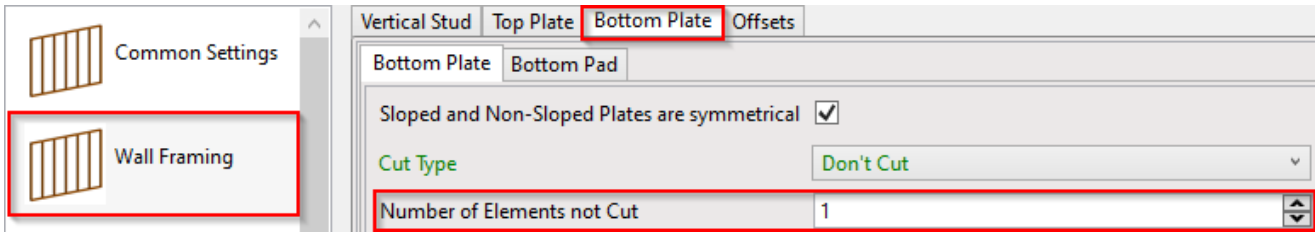


Cut Type – select top/bottom plate cutting type.

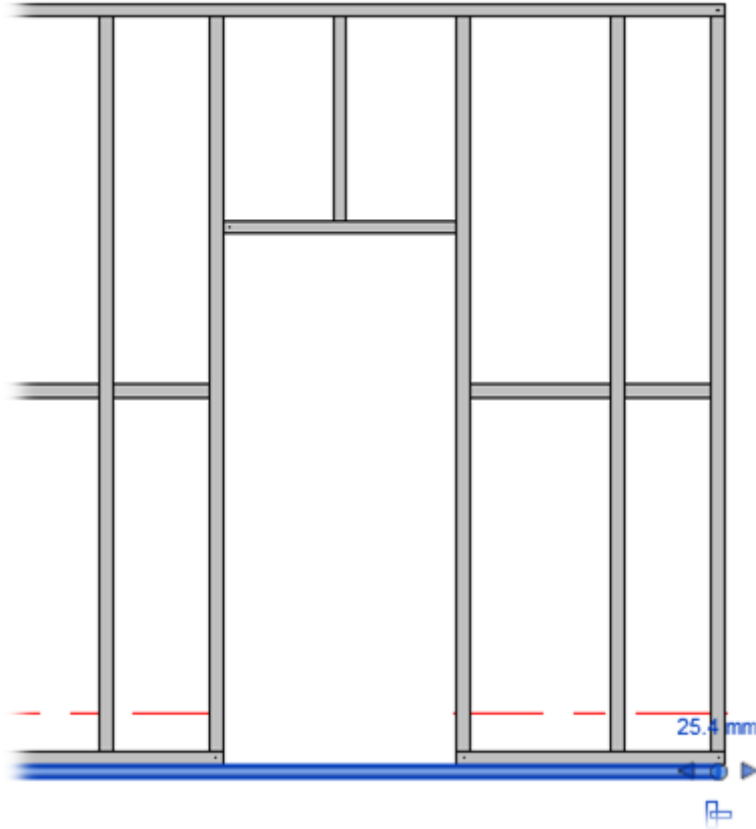
*Example: when **Plate Cut Studs** is selected:*



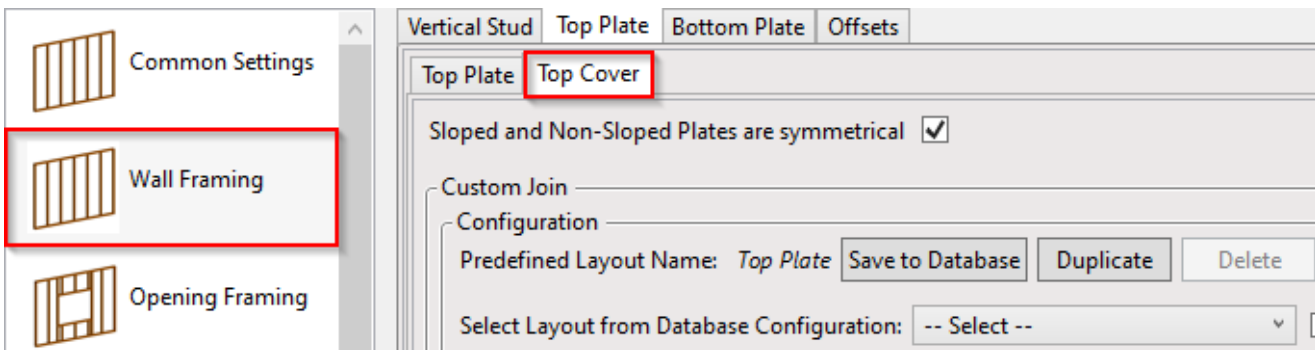
Number of Elements not to Cut



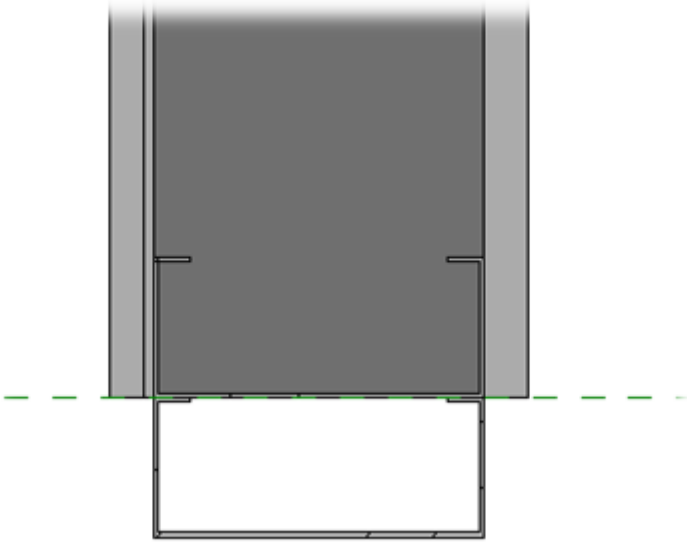
Number of Elements not to Cut – if there is at least one bottom plate, you can cut it or leave it as a whole.



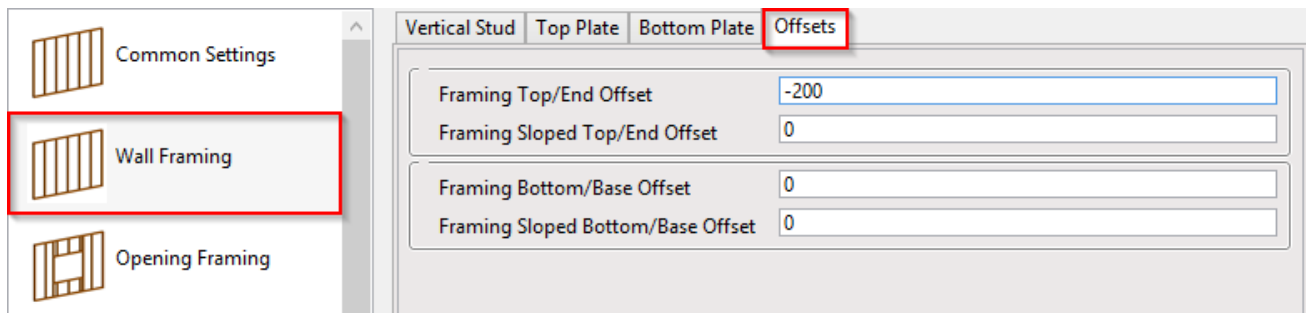
Top Cover/Bottom Pad



Top/Bottom Pad will be added above/below the main frame.



Offsets



Offset – frame offsets from wall top or bottom.

